

THE OYEN NEWS

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OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1930

PAGE ONE



De Laval Separator Oil

You should use the very best Separator Oil in your Separator to give best results and long life to your machine.

De Laval Separator Oil is specially refined for this purpose.
One half gallon Cans * .. \$1.15

Special

14 inch Stilson Pipe Wrenches .. \$1.00

J. L. ACHESON
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

Quality Commercial Printing

The Oyen News

CATERPILLAR

Better Built

LOWER PRICED Than Ever

CATERPILLAR COMBINES

For Your Velvet Profits

Not only do they harvest more acres per day but are easier to handle, cost less to operate and have the only satisfactory side-hill leveller. Their mechanical perfection ensures the cleaning of the last 10 per cent of golden kernels. The 10 per cent which are usually lost—that are hardest to get—but the 10 per cent which are the velvet profits of your year's work. Let a CATERPILLAR COMBINE get this last 10 per cent for you.

FOR PRICES AND PARTICULARS WRITE TO

Union Tractor & Harvester Company, Limited

CALGARY LETHBRIDGE
Ninth Ave. and Eighth St. West Seventh Avenue South
Phone: M622-M726 Phone 265

CATERPILLAR

Choice Groceries

At Fair Prices

Aylmer Catsup ..	25
Catsup 2's, 2 for ..	35
Dill Pickles 2 1/2's ..	30
4 tins assorted Fruit ..	1.00
Dollar Soda Biscuits ..	.58
Graham Biscuits, family size ..	.35
Pumpkin, 2 1/2's, 2 for ..	.35
Bulk Orange Pekoe Tea ..	.50

Good Assortment of Ladies and Childrens Dresses at Reduced Prices.

J. J. PURCELL

General Merchant - Oyen

Lorne Proudfoot Is Returned By Large Majority

Lorne Proudfoot, U.F.A. candidate in the provincial constituency of Acadia, was returned to the Alberta legislature with a majority of approximately one thousand votes. Returns of the election, which took place last Thursday (June 19) commenced to come in shortly after 6 p.m. Figures from the various polls were posted on a bulletin board immediately after being received over the wires, and a large number of electors were given excellent service by the very efficient staff of the local telephone exchange.

Early returns showed J. W. Robinson, Independent, running his opponent a fairly close race, but as the outlying polls were heard from, Proudfoot's majority steadily climbed.

The following figures show the results of the polls in the 1926 election (official figures) and the returns for the 1930 election received to date.

	1926	1930
Campbell		
1 Reist	4	0 33 24 9
2 Astolope	0	2
6 Diamond	4	0 9 16 9
3 Wastina	0	0 32 37 6
4 Rollinson	6	0 17 22 4
5 Scottfield	8	4 33 44 4
7 "Angst" a 31	10	10
8-74	24	29 48 102
9 Plover	1	11 8 15
10 Pleasant V.	4	0 39 32 7
11 Stading C.	0	0 21 20 1
12 Crocus	0	0 29 16 0
13 Chinook	24	18 56 62 34
14 Laughlin	1	2 26 24 2
15 Cereal	15	35 59 63 21
16 Carpathia	0	4 21 33 0
17 Riddlevale	3	2 23 26 0
18 Whitel'ds	1	7 34 35 0
19 Golden C.	0	2 16 12 2
20 Fairacres	0	3 44 36 11
21 Oyen a.	2	30 22 45
22 Oyen b.	15	111 49 45 138
23 Beaton	30	35 39 61 46
24 Sibbald	14	56 51 28 131
25 Catendula	3	6 29 38 11
26 Mere	0	3 50 25 0
27 Twin Lake	3	21 33 32
28 Mulbach	10	6 28 37 12
29 Rush Cent.	0	3 13 10 4
30 Glenash	0	3 37 43 6
31 Trinity	7	16 30 27 20
32 Bonnie Br.	1	3 22 36 2
33 Grainsdale	6	7 27 46 4
34 Sn'yalspe	5	29 17 25 30
35 Edendale	4	9 7 5 9
36 Acad. Val.	8	2 31 47 11
37 Gleanah	2	0 27 26 1
38 Black City	0	0 13 33 0
39 Steorford	2	0 32 43 3
40 Vandyne	4	0 50 23 12
41 Gold Spr.	6	12 25 42 7
42 Gr'mm'nd	0	14 23 20 22
43 Hills	1	9 33 21 15
44 Kirkwall	1	13 39 32 17
45 Keumaul	0	11 55 48 16
46 Croydon	4	42 56 18
47 Chilmark	0	4 22 26 1
48 Tipperary	0	1 58 65 4
49 Clemens	1	0 21 27 2
50 Keswick	2	14 18 21 6
51 Bearville	0	2 35
52 Lanthue	3	16 42 61 9
53 Big Spr.	0	1 29 28 1
54 Colhome	1	2 41 47 3
55 Bonser	3	0 42 34 6
56 Earl Grey	11	2 8 9 10
57 Dobson	3	3 19 33 2
58 Rainbow	3	1 31 30 2
59 Cando	1	0 30 19 3
60 Dominion	2	2 10 12 4
61 Heslidge	4	0 28 27 0
62 Courad	7	1 17
63-4 Kimdumy	0	0 21
65 Howie	2	0 16
66 Bd Indian	2	0 24
67 St Elci	1	0 16
68 Delano	1	2 5
69 Hawkedle	3	0 11 3
70 Mapeline	2	0 24

U. F. A. Government Have Forty Seats

St. Paul only constituency left in doubt, is expected to go to U.F.A. candidate.

With only one constituency still to be heard from, the U.F.A. government are returned to office with forty members. Liberals will have 10 members, Conservatives 6, Labor 4, and Independents 3. The constituency of St. Paul, still to be heard from, is expected to swell the U.F.A. total to 41.

Big Program Arranged For July 1 Sports

Arrangements for the Dominion Day sports in Oyen, on Tuesday, July 1, are practically completed and the committees in charge will do their utmost to have all items run off according to schedule. Sports commence at 1 o'clock, and include a ball tournament, basket ball for ladies, horse shoe tournament for men, and a variety of races for the kiddies.

Free ice cream and candy will be given to all children under 12.

Given fine weather, a mammoth crowd is anticipated and no effort will be spared to give all who attend the best of entertainment.

At the theatre, an all talkie, "The Tale of Lost Ships" will be shown afternoon and evening, the evening show being followed by a grand dance. A novel feature of the dance will be one of the world's most famous orchestras playing a number on the screen from the talkies, for a dance.

Oyen Summer Fair and Stampede

Preparations are under way to make this year's summer fair and stampede the greatest event in the history of the agricultural society. Great improvements are being made to the grounds, including the enlarging of the stampede arena and corrals, and moving the grand stand to a more advantageous position.

Fair prize lists have been mailed to all members, and copies of same may be had on application to the secretary in Oyen.

Friday, July 25 is the big day.

Robert Gardiner, Present Federal Member for Acadia Gets U.F.A. Nomination

At the U.F.A. nominating convention for the federal constituency of Acadia, held in Hanna, Alta., last Monday, Robert Gardiner, the present member, was unanimously chosen as U.F.A. candidate in the coming election.

Women's Rest Room Will Be Ready for July 1, or Earlier

The final work of reconditioning the women's rest room on First Avenue East will be completed by the end of the month or sooner, and will be ready for use on July 1.

71 East Berry	3	1 52 56 4
72 Excel	6	33 29 28 28
73 Spenny	0	1 14 9 0

Mid Summer Sale

of Fashion Craft Made to Measure Clothing

Your opportunity to buy the New Suit for that Vacation trip.

Clothes made to your measure at a saving of 10 to 20 per cent.

See our Samples now.

Everything for the Holiday. Get your needs early.

Store closed Wednesday afternoons June & July.

S. A. MILLER

DOMINION DAY SPORTS

Under the auspices of OYEN BOARD OF TRADE

OYEN, ALTA.

Tuesday, July 1

BASEBALL HORSESHOES

BASKETBALL - for Ladies RACES for CHILDREN

FREE ICE CREAM AND CANDY For children under 12

"Isle of Lost Ships"

A thrilling 100' Talkie, showing afternoon and evening, at

OYEN THEATRE

Followed by a GRAND DANCE

with a novel feature of a musical number played by a world famous orchestra on screen from the Talkies for the dance.

Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, JUNE 27-28

Showing a First National 100 per cent Talking, Singing, Dancing, Film Farce Crammed with Fun and Music

TWIN BEDS

With JACK MULHALL and star cast

The original stage farce was funny—but the screen version is far funnier. And in addition there are some great spectacular scenes.

Do not miss this Show

Delicious Salada quality is an inexpensive luxury

TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

The Problem Of Markets

It may be poor consolation to the wheat producers of Western Canada who are in a quandary over the problem of selling their product in the markets of the world at a price which will yield to them a reasonable profit over the cost of production, to learn that they are by no means the only producers of a commodity used throughout the world who find themselves in difficulty of a like kind. And because the producers of these primary commodities are not the only ones who are in difficulty, the makers of secondary and manufactured articles are also feeling the pinch, and find themselves overstocked with goods which they cannot at the moment sell.

The situation which exists is not one that affects Canada alone, or any one commodity alone, but the whole world. It is a problem of over-production in the majority of cases. It affects not only the primary producers in all countries, and the manufacturers, but it reacts adversely upon every class of business and every individual. Because there is a glut of primary products the transportation companies are losing business, and in turn they are employing fewer men in their manifold departments. Merchants require less help because less goods are being sold, office staffs are reduced, and the resultant shortage of money and of buying power on the part of everybody has slowed up or put a temporary stop to building construction activities.

No country in the world is immune from this present condition. It is world wide, but, fortunately, Canada is less seriously affected than any other of the great trading countries of the world. While Canada's problem is wheat, Brazil's is coffee. While other countries grow coffee, notably Java and Araba, Brazil is the great source of supply. It has been steadily increasing production, as have other countries, growing more coffee than the world could consume. In order to prevent prices falling to a ruinous figure because of this condition, Brazilian Governments bought up the surplus and kept it off the market, to be released in years of a short crop. The result is Brazil now has sufficient coffee on hand to meet actual world requirements against the next crop season.

The financial strain has proven too great, and that country is now endeavoring to float a huge loan, \$100,000,000 or more, at a high rate of interest, and in dollars, and give a pledge to limit no more coffee, and will liquidate its present enormous holdings within ten years.

Sugar is in much the same position as coffee. In 1925-26 world production of sugar was placed at 23,750,000 tons, or about 300,000 tons less than consumption. The following year production exceeded consumption slightly, but in 1928-29 production jumped to over 27,000,000 tons, or far in excess of world requirements, while this year's estimates indicate a still greater production.

Cotton, too, joins the procession. In the last five years the United States produced on the average 40% more cotton than the average for the preceding years. The average for the ten-year period ending 1925 was about 11,000,000 bales; in 1926, about 16,000,000 bales were produced. Texas, formerly a great cotton ranching state, is now the greatest cotton producer among the states. Oklahoma is also going in strongly for cotton, and both states are using machinery from the old cotton picking system, with a result similar to the revolution in wheat production through the introduction of the combine. One Texas farmer harvested 1,700 bales of cotton with five laborers, whereas under the system in the old cotton picking states 100 workers would have been required to plant and cultivate and 200 more to pick the crop by hand. It is estimated that Texas alone could produce twice as much cotton as present world needs.

Rubber, copper, tin, zinc, silk, and other basic commodities are all in the same class, production outstripping consumption, the increase in the latter not nearly equalling the increase in the former, and in regard to some commodities, silver for example, actively despatched to the market for purchasing, which, in turn, reacted upon consumption, consumption on manufacturing, manufacturing on labor, and labor on consumption. All business slowed up.

In the case of Malay rubber, Cuba sugar, Brazil coffee, the idea prevalent was that the source of distribution was the same as control of production. As one writer says, there could be no greater mistake. Production is controlled by the direction and energy of human activity aided or retarded by forces of nature. Prices are arrived at by the relationship between supply and demand. If demand is greater than supply prices rise, supply is greater than demand they fall.

In Canada, the source of national prosperity, it is now admitted, lies in the wheat crop of the West. World wheat production is steadily, even rapidly, increasing. The biggest problem, therefore, confronting Canada today, is to find a profitable, permanent market for its wheat. To the solution of that problem lies every Government, The Wheat Pools, farmers' organizations, manufacturers, merchants, citizens generally, must bend their energies and to it to devote their best, most constructive thought.

Was Hero Of Sailing Adventure

Commander Eustace Maud, Agent

Eighty-Two, Died Victoria

The death took place, at Victoria, of Commander Eustace Maud, 82, of Maple Island. He was born in England. A few years ago Commander Maud's achievement in sailing the ketch, "Hail Moon," alone for 92 consecutive days attracted widespread attention.

In a 33-foot boat with four foot draft and seven foot beam, he left Victoria with the intention of sailing through the Panama Canal to Europe. When off the coast of Mexico he was unfortunately struck on the head by the boom and rendered unconscious. During that period the ketch drifted off the lines of communication and he was believed to have perished. Eventually when he recovered he returned north and reached Victoria little worse for his journey.

Bell-Ringer Is Pensioned

Swedish Woman Pulled Ropes For

Thirty-Five Years
Sweden's last woman ringer of church bells, Augusta Anderson, who for 35 years has pulled the ropes in Stockholm, has been pensioned and electric machinery will now be installed.

Since 1895 Miss Anderson has attended to the tolling of the bells and only been absent once, two years ago, on account of illness. The first 10 years of her duty to toll the bells on Sundays only, but later she became head bellringer, with nine other women to assist her.

The church has four bells, the largest of which needs six persons to swing it. The bells are rung every day at eight in the morning and at five in the afternoon.

Every man, woman and child in Canada, the report pointed out, had an interest in U.S. foreign trade amounting to \$145.

More Recruits In Canada

Scientifically Trained Men Not Leaving In Such Large Numbers

A radical decrease in the number of scientifically trained men who find it necessary to leave Canada for employment was cited by Rev. Dr. H. J. Cody, chairman of the board of governors of the University of Toronto, in an address to the Canadian Manufacturers' Association there. Dr. Cody spoke of the work of the Technical Service Council, an organization founded in 1927. During the past year, 1,000 applications for trained men had been received, and 550 graduates had been placed in key positions in Canada. Since 1925 the percentage of the graduating class of Toronto University leaving the country had been reduced from 27 to 1 percent.

DO YOU VALUE YOUR HEALTH?

If your health is poor: if you are pale, nervous and easily tired; if you suffer from indigestion, backaches; if your digestion is slow, you may depend upon it that these symptoms come from an impoverished state of the blood. That unless this condition is remedied a complete breakdown may follow. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in this condition will enrich and purify the blood and thus promote health and strength.

Mr. M. Andrews, Halifax, N.S., writes: "I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house. I have used them many times and they have completely restored my health. After marriage my health broke down and one more dose brought me back to normal. My wife also has used them well and look for this Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house."

You can get these pills at all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Likes Canadian Papers

Britishers Wonder How They Can Accommodate So Many

"I have the highest admiration for Canadian newspapers, and wonder how it is that they accomplish so much, for I was greatly surprised and astonished to see a picture of my cousin, the late Sir Ernest Pollock, in a Vancouver paper when I got there while the full story they had of his career was another pleasant surprise," stated Sir Henry Pollock, of Hong Kong, in a newspaper article, prior to sailing for a summer vacation in England.

Relieves Asthma At Once. If you suffer from asthma, you will find relief in letters received by the makers from grateful users. You, too, would realize the remarkable powers of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. All cases of incipient and chronic asthma are benefited by this great family remedy. Why suffer or experiment with worthless preparations when the genuine Kellogg's can be purchased everywhere.

Northern Ontario Cuts

The Central provinces of Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec, although abounding in peat bogs of commercial value, are devoid of coal with the exception of Northern Ontario, where lignite deposits have recently been opened up by the Ontario Government. The discovery of these deposits, being tested in the laboratories of the Department of Mines, in Ottawa, and elsewhere.

Weak After Operation
"I was very weak after an operation. My nerves were so bad I could not sit down and cry and my husband would not go out and leave me alone. Now my nerves are much better, thanks to a booklet that was left under the door. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound surely put me on my feet. I have taken eight bottles. My friends tell me I look fine. My sister has taken it and says, 'I wish I had taken it sooner.'—Mrs. Annie Walton, 67 Stanley St., Kingston, Ontario."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
Solely for Women's Use
Prepared by Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

WAS WIDELY KNOWN



Her Three Children Troubled With Diarrhoea

Mrs. Lou Lapointe, Laurier, Man., writes:—"My three youngest children were very bad with diarrhoea. I tried all kinds of remedies, until a kind old lady told me to try Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I got a bottle and after several days gave it to them, and the next day the diarrhoea had stopped. I am so glad that my children had when any of my children are troubled that way again."

On the market for the past 35 years; put up only by Dr. T. Millard Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Women Who Work

Modern Devices Have Not Altogether Eliminated Work In The Home

By some persons whose knowledge of housewives is limited those important members of society are supposed to have been relieved of the necessity of doing any physical work. Excessive feminine indulgence in amusements is assumed to be the sorry result.

Systematic inquiry shows a very different state of things. The bureau of home economics in the Federal Department of Agriculture reports that in country districts there are in cities of less than 50,000 population women work in their homes commercially over forty-two hours a week, while the average among thousands of women questioned is fifty-one hours a week.

Fairly, vacuum cleaners, electric washing machines, telephones, canned goods, delivery service and all the rest of the time saving and labor-saving devices have not reduced the housewife to demoralizing idleness. She is not yet threatened with unemployment. There is no great danger of her finding too much leisure on her hands. Worry over her mental and moral condition in her supposed state of freedom from toil is, to say the least, premature—Chicago News.

Fairly Advertising Proof

British Fishing Interests Have Decided That Advertising Pays

If the proof of the pudding is in the eating of it, the proof of advertising is in the using of it. So the British fishing interests decided. People ate fish in Great Britain in considerable quantities and had done so for generations. But, as the heads of the business saw it, they did not eat enough nor nearly as much as they would if properly educated in respect of the virtues of fish as a food.

The upshot of it all was that the fishing interests began an advertising campaign. They exhorted the public to "Eat More Fish" and told why. There were doubters, of course. But the far-sighted leaders in the undertaking were confident that the public demand for fish could be enlarged if they advertised widely and intelligently. They did not eat enough nor nearly as much as they would if properly educated in respect of the virtues of fish as a food.

Fairly satisfactory proof, one might say, that advertising pays.

Will Use Western Flax Straw

Flax Straw To Go To Ireland

Many new methods are being evolved and machinery developed for cheapening flax for the spinner in northern Ireland and a direct result of the existing depression in the linen industry. G. B. Johnson, Canadian trade commissioner, has reported to the Department of Trade and Commerce, that in some cases it is claimed that the new methods will allow the use of Canadian western flax straw which has hitherto been burned as useless. Mr. Johnson reports that one important firm has arranged for a trial shipment of 50 tons of flax straw from the Dominion. This, however, is not for linen manufacture.

Taking Water Powl Census

The National Parks of Canada, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, and the United States Biological Survey, Washington, D.C., are co-operating in an investigation to determine if the water powl population in North America is increasing or decreasing.

"There are earthworms in Australia," the Canadian is concerned there are two ways of doing this, by means of two and by the injection of new British stock. Both processes should be worked simultaneously.

The Philippines are to have a chain of hotels.

Interested In Canada's Railways

Many Questions Asked By People Antipodes

"One of the chief things that impressed me in both Australia and New Zealand was the intelligent interest the people showed in Canada," said R. B. Teale, general manager Canadian National Steamships, who returned recently to Montreal from a trip which has taken him around the world.

"I went to the Antipodes," he said, "in the interests of the Canadian National Steamships and it was a great satisfaction to me to find that not only were our sister dominions interested in Canada but that they had very good opinion of the national railways and our steamships. Where ever I went, I was asked questions about Sir Henry Thornton, who is regarded on the other side of the world as a public figure of considerable significance in railway operation and judgment in railway affairs are studied carefully by railway officials."

Solved His Problem

A visitor from Aberdeen at a Liverpool hotel inquired about the board charges. The figures being rather high, Sandy exclaimed: "How much do you charge for 'garaging my car'?" No charge whatever, he was told. "Well, then," declared Sandy, "I will sleep in my car tonight."

Out of the water, seals have poor eyesight, a fact which aids greatly the work of the sealskin gatherers.

Minard's Drives Away The Headache.

Foods Stay Fresh Longer This Way



Covered with Para-Sani Heavy Wax

Preserves goods that usually stale in a day so stay fresh for quite a long time. Try it. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary, knife-edge grocery, drugstore or stationer. For less exciting uses get "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products
LIMITED
HAMILTON - ONTARIO

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Falling Hair

Use Minard's before it's too late. It checks falling hair and stimulates new growth as well. Apply persistently to scalp four times a week.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
PAIN EXPELLER

W. N. U. 1843

High Altitude Flying Predicted

May Be Where Long Distance Air Lines Will Operate

That mysterious region miles above the earth, known as the "stratosphere," where few daring aviators have ever penetrated the air is so thin that a human being can fly without artificial oxygen. Yet some authorities declare that the long-distance air lines of the future may be established there. Free of the resistance of air at ordinary levels, airplanes could speed across oceans and link continents at almost incredible velocity.

Recent proposals have been made to fly machines at such a height and speed. A young German engineer, H. G. Perle, announced not long ago his plans for a 22-foot, half-ton biplane which he proposed to navigate at an altitude of seven or eight thousand miles an hour to cross the Atlantic in six hours. An American-German experimenter, Professor Hermann Oberth, proposes a rocket ship many times faster.

Is there really any scientific basis for such an idea? Today it is possible to build an airplane that will fly 6,000 or 7,000 feet high, without recourse to rockets or any such highly experimental means, in the opinion of one prominent aeronautical engineer. Professor Weston cut the details of such a craft. Other experts have endorsed the high-altitude airplane as the next logical development in air travel. A great German airplane firm is said to be planning actually to build high-altitude planes with air and fuel tanks for passengers. And eventually rockets and other inventions may conceivably increase the range of high-flying planes.

The greatest altitude ever reached by a human being was achieved when Captain Henry G. Gray, of the Army Air Corps, soared in his balloon to a height of 42,470 feet. He did what was attempted by no other man. The first pioneer into the unknown region was the German pilot, Willy Messerschmid, whose balloon flight of 41,700 feet last May was a new world's record for airplanes. From such flights as these, and from the records brought back by the free-flying "sounding balloons" of the United States Weather Bureau from heights up to 20 miles, it is known that the air above the earth is at least a two-story affair. One story is the lower atmosphere, and the other is the upper atmosphere, which is a different property from the first.

The earth's inhabitants live in the bottom layer, or "troposphere," comprising the first six or seven miles of the atmosphere. Within this layer occur the storms that sweep the earth and all of the turbulent winds that threaten aircraft.

With increasing height the air grows colder, until at six miles altitude a pilot may be suffering from frigid breezes of 60 or 70 degrees below zero. Then, if he pushes upward, an abrupt change occurs at about seven miles' altitude. It gets no colder; perhaps a little warmer.

Committee Pouch Hoot

A small booklet at the summit of Athabasca Pass is shown as "The Committee Pouch Hoot" on sheet 27 of the map of the boundaries between Alberta and British Columbia, issued by the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior. This pass was extensively used in the early fur-trading days and this name was given over 100 years ago to commemorate this fact.

Western Canning Factory

The Broder Canning Company, of Medicine Hat, is to plant 20 acres of pumpkins and 28 acres of seed peas this season. The company expects to ship in from Taber and other points, a hundred acres of green beans, the average yield of which is three tons to the acre, or about 50 carloads of canned goods from the whole bean acreage.

China, with its more than 400,000,000 people, is said not to contain even one human atom.

Hand-Forged Silver

Leads Machine-Made

Method Has Not Changed Greatly In 900 Years

The process of hand-forging silver has not changed since the time of Edward the Confessor, more than 900 years ago, and to illustrate this the Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company recently had a window display in Regent Street, London, England, showing the making of a silver spoon which was traced from the ingot to the finished article.

The smelter first gives the metal 7½ per cent of copper alloy for make it malleable and then sends it to the silversmith, who cuts it into measured sections. Each workman of a spoon hoes his piece of silver with his long over a forge and then shapes it with a hammer into a flat spoon. After this he "beats" the silver cold.

The decoration of the handle is made with a die and hand press into a 20-squared shape. The bowl is shaped with a plane, hand punch. The thickness of the silver can be pressed to the part of the bowl which will have the most wear and tear, and it is in this way that the greater durability of the hand-forged spoon is established. The Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company stated that a 30-year-old machine-made spoon was recently returned for repair by a new butler who was old and weak and bent. But a hand-forged one of the same year arrived in a better condition, as sound as on the day it was made.

After leaving the hand-press, the spoon is tested for the correct amount of alloy and, if satisfactory, is hall marked. Finally it is polished with sand and then becomes a commercial article.

In fine work of this kind the machine still cannot compete with the craftsman, who, after many years' apprenticeship, can make an article which will last for centuries, while the machine turns out something that looks well for a number of years, but which will never become an heirloom.

Hunting Sea Lions

Machine Guns and Rifles Used On Pacific Coast To Destroy Menace To Fishermen

Machine guns and rifles were again being brought to bear against the herds of sea lions which congregated in British Columbia waters and caused great yearly loss to salmon and other commercial fish.

For several years an expedition has been equipped with firearms and sent to the sea lion colonies. Every year hundreds of the mammals are slaughtered on their various rookeries, but in spite of the losses suffered by the herds there are invariably a sufficient number left to cause wide-spread destruction to the salmon run.

The fisheries patrol cruiser "Givichin" carried the sea lion expedition this year. In her bow was mounted a machine gun with a gunner in charge whose first experience was the trenches of Northern France when the object of attack was German infantry.

Landings this year were made on the Virgin and Peter Rocks, where last year a heavy toll was taken of the rookeries.

Ravages on both fish and gear by the sea lions has constituted an important problem for the fisheries department, as a single sea lion can do hundreds of dollars worth of damage in a couple of days.

Setting a Mark

A dozen years ago Salina, Kansas, erected at the north and south ends of two great concrete pillars on each of which was carved "Salina population 20,000." Salina did not have a sufficient number of men, but it made so much noise that strangers thought the inscription was correct. And here comes the Federal census and gives the town 20,157. The dream has come true. It would be just like Salina to change the inscription to read "Population 20,157" and then go after it and win.

Workers Get Hot Dinner

Workers in the open are served hot dinners near their work in a plan started recently by a women's society in Cologne, Germany. The men place their orders with the society and when the noon whistle blows the meals ready in a motor kitchen nearby. Each motor kitchen can supply 500 hot dinners and light refreshments in one hour. The dinner costs 12 cents.

Willing To Accommodate

Lady: Before I take you I must know if you're engaged.
Lena: Ma'am, do you mean if I have a feller?
Lady: Yes.
Lena: No, ma'am, I haven't, but I can soon get one if you like it.

Toll Of Swiss Alps

Fatal Accidents Average Over One Hundred Each Year

An official inquiry into the number and causes of fatal accidents in the Swiss Alps has established the fact that during a period of four years the total deaths amounted to over four hundred. Unfortunate tourists, who lost their lives on the mountain slopes, were not more than half of this total; the remaining fatalities comprise various classes of agricultural and other alpine workers, especially the Wildbauer or chamoismen on the mountain slopes.

Venturesome youth, as might be expected, falls a ready prey to the yearly toll of the Alps; 24 per cent of the total number of fatalities are young people of from 20 to 30 years of age. There is also a high percentage of fatal accidents among persons of over 40 years of age. The most suitable age for mountaineering would appear to be between 20 and 45 years, a period wherein caution is not despised and agility not yet lost.

There is a curious regularity every year in respect of the character of the fatal accidents. Avalanches cause, as a rule, between nine and nine deaths and land-slides, which are more numerous every year. Scarcely a year passes without two or three persons slipping into a crevasse and being killed. This number is rarely exceeded. Fatal falls average between 35 and 40 cases, with but little fluctuation from year to year. Mountain deaths by snow-frost, whilst three or four persons are frozen to death almost every year. Mountain deaths by snow-frost cause usually total two or three per year.

Crocuting Canadian Timber

New Method Of Treating Timber Effects a Great Saving

In treating timbers with creosote, to prolong their service life, the penetration of the creosote into the wood is inclined to be chiefly through the ends, requiring a much greater amount of this preservative to ensure proper penetration in the middle sections of the timber than if it penetrated through the sides. To overcome this, the leading process has been developed at the Forest Products Laboratories of Canada, Department of the Interior. This process of making incisions in the timbers allows easy penetration of the sides and reduces wasteful end penetration. Since its adoption by the two great railway systems of Canada by the reduction of the amount of creosote required per tie a saving of over \$1,000,000 has been effected.

The Welland Ship Canal

The Welland Canal is one of the principal lines in the great chain of navigation extending from the strait of Belle Isle up the St. Lawrence River and through the Great Lakes to Duluth at the western end of Lake Superior, a distance of 2,339 miles. The Welland Canal connects Lake Erie with Lake Ontario, whose difference in level is 226½ feet and crosses the Niagara Peninsula about ten miles west of Niagara Falls.

In 1874 a law was passed in France ordering the manufacturers of handkerchiefs to make them square.

Cats are subject to comparatively few diseases, and fewer still of these are of a contagious nature.

Motor-boating is becoming popular in Latvia.

Heat Rays Cause High Skin Fevers

Susceptibility Of Iron Workers To Common Colds Is Not Investigated

Measurements showing that the heat rays emitted by molten iron cause a kind of blast furnace fever a third more intense than the heat of the sun even outside the earth's atmosphere and that these heat rays to which furnace workers necessarily are exposed may raise their skin temperatures to 110 degrees or more, a point which physicians would consider a fatal fever did it exist throughout the whole body, have been made by Messrs. J. J. Bloomfield, James E. Ives and Rollo H. Britton of the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D.C.

It has been discovered by medical statisticians, these experts report, that persons working in the iron and steel industry or who are exposed otherwise to the intense heat rays given off by the molten metal or hot furnaces are more likely than the average to suffer from pneumonia or other diseases of throat or lungs.

According to Mr. Bloomfield, the scientists devised small electric thermometers which were placed against the skin of such a steel plant worker to take its temperature. On one worker in front of a coke oven, for example, it was found that the heat rays raised the temperature of 110.8 degrees, that of the right cheek of 106.2 degrees, that of the forehead of 105.8 degree, that of the back of the neck of 105.5 degrees, and that of the chest, which was covered, of 102.4 degrees.

Better To Comply With Law

Motorists In Accident Must Give Name and Address. It Asked For Same

For refusing to give his name to the other party following a motor car accident, a Windsor man has had to pay a \$25 fine in Kingsville. The case should be a warning to motorists.

Do not forget that, if you figure in a collision with another car, the law demands that you give your name and address in writing to the other party to the accident. Failure to do so carries with it a penalty.

You have nothing to fear from this. If you were not in the wrong in the accident, giving full particulars as to what happened will usually only aid in clearing you from blame. Your refusal to supply the information will not only make it inconvenient for you, but it may also weigh heavily in your favor of a court, should a suit ensue. Jurors quite often will take this as an indication of guilt.

Do not forget also, that you have the right to demand the name and address of the man who tangles with you.

Objects To Crime News

Four more English newspapers, all weeklies, have been banned by the Irish Free State under the censorship bill. They are: News of the World, owned by Lord Rothermere; Empire News, Thompson's Weekly News and The People, all of which had substantial circulations in Ireland. The official reason is "because they develop an unduly large proportion of their space to the publication of matters dealing with crime."

China's poor rice crop this season has compelled it to import four-fifths of its requirements.

A Cornell scientist is chasing dragonsflies by airplane.

Where They Land The Big Fishes

Patience rewarded on the Capilano River in which three prize-winners in the continent-wide contest conducted by "Field and Stream" for the heaviest steelhead fish taken in the world were caught. The fishermen are snappers taking one of the many big pounders in the stream around the river lies back in the mountains, not more than ten miles from the Canadian Pacific railway station at Vancouver, British Columbia. Up to eight-pound steel-

Malay Natives Themselves Gentlemen

Show That Goodness and Ability To Speak English Are Not Inseparable

Any Johnson, young English aviator, who completed a flight from London to Australia, confessed to a fright on the trip. This occurred on Timor, a small island in the Malay archipelago, where the landing at night and was immediately confronted "with a lot of black men who ran from their huts armed with knives and spears." She "quivered." Who wouldn't have? She now realizes that there was no need even to quiver: "for they were good men who could not speak English and jabbered to me for a long time and could not understand a word until I mentioned the pastor." Then one of them took her by the hand and led her for miles in an eerie walk through the night to the mission.

A savage island in the Malay archipelago hardly strikes one as the most hellish place for young ladies to trice. Cannibals and head-hunters are still at large in that part of the world. Any rule they are according to the story books, Johnson found the real thing. The natives, after they got over their first surprise, were completely unafraid and a woman in distress. They took her by the hand and led her to safety. They were good men. They couldn't speak English. Sometimes we forget that virtue and ability to speak English are not inseparable.

In the "Ruler" Haggard described the Zulus as gentlemen, long as they were at peace. When they took the warpath they made killing and using killed men their business; but between wars they were so much the gentlemen that no white man who acquired any influence with them, a dark skin in Timor can house a white heir as easily as in Africa. The natives of the island are a mixture of Papuans and Malays. They can't speak English. They probably have never heard of "Rally Post" or Lillian Rich.

Let them be their own devils. Amy Johnson's experience proves them a race of gentlemen, among them is a perfectly safe way for a woman aviator to descend after dark. That isn't a bad tip.—Detroit Free Press.

Courtesy In Business

Clerks Who Need Display Irritation Are Good "Advertisers"

Harold W. Donahue, retiring president of the Advertising and Sales at the annual meeting of that organization, to refer to the lack of courtesy and attention on the part of the clerks of some of the stores, suggesting that it was often responsible for loss of business. In support of his contention he read a number of letters from customers who felt that they had been victims of incivility.

Most business houses recognize the importance of courtesy in their contacts with the public. It is often the case, however, that the clerk is not so imperceptibly balanced as he can maintain an even disposition if the customer fails to show the proper respect. The appearance of irritation, nevertheless is fatal and the customer who notices such a display is not likely to return to the store. It is notable that the habitually cheerful clerk is an asset to the business and his worth is hard to estimate in dollars and cents. Much good will is built up by unwavering civility. People enjoy pleasantness on the part of those who serve them. They comment upon such a situation among their associates and this is valuable advertising. No employee of a business can afford to neglect the art of being agreeable while presenting his sales arguments.

One Of The Suspects

Two old-fashioned ladies were discussing a matter of the day. One said: "Yes," said one, "I don't know what the world is coming to — women quarreling as men."

"Yes," said the other, "and everybody is suspected, too. Why, only yesterday I got a letter addressed 'Dear Sir or Madam.'"

Alberta Honey

The increasing importance of honey as one of the products of Alberta has induced the Provincial Department of Agriculture to reserve space at the 1930 Calgary Exhibition for the display of honey and honey products as well as of the equipment used in apiculture.

English Income Tax

If you wish to realize how well off you are in Canada, think of the fact that the average Englishman with a family of five children and \$5,000 a year salary pays \$527 in income tax compared with \$49 a Canadian similarly situated has to pay.

Modern Footwear Condemned

Doctors Say Present Day Lasts Should Be Scrapped

Condemnation of modern footwear by medical men was reported by Mr. J. H. Boyd, the general secretary, at a conference of the Federation of Foot Trades Associations at Hastings, England. He said that he had sent 200 medical men had replied to a questionnaire sent out by the federation. From the replies the following points emerged: Present day lasts should be scrapped. Ultra high heels should go.

Such a shoe would be responsible for lessening the ill effects upon national health, of rheumatism, chest trouble, heart disease, common colds, foot deformities, fallen arches, and flat feet.

One doctor said the habit among women of wearing shoes with more foot trouble than all other causes combined. Another said it was worse of wearing shoes that were not suitable to convince women to make shoes that thicker leather and more suitably shaped boots and shoes were desirable, and even if they were convicts subordinate to make more powerful consideration of elegance and fashion.

Mental Effort Demands Calories

Oyster Cracker Or Half a Peanut Sufficient For Sustaining Human Brain For One Hour

Those who are proud of their brain power may be interested to learn that scientific calculations indicate that the human brain can function for one hour on the calories derived from an oyster cracker. If an oyster cracker is not handy, half of one salted peanut will serve equally well.

"The popular tradition that fish is brain food has given way to the idea that mental effort demands calories," Dr. Francis G. Benedict, director of the nutrition laboratory of the Carnegie Institution, told the National Academy of Science at a recent meeting.

It is the experience of nearly everyone that intense, sustained mental effort results in a feeling of profound fatigue, not only in mind but in the entire body. It is the "disposition to seek in periodically fresh air, to open a window and to stretch the limbs after a period of mental work is pronounced. When one considers the sense of extreme, almost over-powering fatigue in both mind and body following a sustained mental effort, it is surprising that there is such an insignificant effect upon the general metabolism or level of vital activity."

World's Only Eskimo Dentist

"Siberian Mike," Who Carried On Itinerant Practice In Arctic Is

The only Eskimo dentist in the world is dead. "Siberian Mike," who had attended no college, but who was considered the best of the far north for pulling molars, died recently in the lonely region near Perry River, opposite King William Land, according to the toothaches of its employees there. Mike was employed as a dental mechanic. When the dentist left for civilization, the Eskimo succeeded to most of the dental equipment. Since that time he has carried on an itinerant practice in the Arctic.

Mike lived in the entire body. In 1920 the Hudson's Bay Company sent a dentist to Herschel Island to look after the toothaches of its employees there. Mike was employed as a dental mechanic. When the dentist left for civilization, the Eskimo succeeded to most of the dental equipment. Since that time he has carried on an itinerant practice in the Arctic.

Presented With Crocodile

A captious mailman, who had been floating over the Berlin zoos to advertise the arrival of 1,000 crocodiles, broke away in a heavy wind, being blown into the water by a crocodile. The mailman was given a money reward by the zoo administration and also presented with one of the crocodiles.

Hostess (to waiter): "There's only a small piece of beef left. Let the little boy serve it—then the waiter will take it away."—Lustig Koller Zeitung, Cologne.

LONG DISTANCE AIR LINES

"Ask the pilot to quit down the motor a little, I can hardly hear the gramophone," Musketeer, Vienna.

Island Falls Plant Now Supplying Electric Energy In the Northern Hinterland

Saskatchewan's first hydro-electric plant has commenced operations.

Three generating units at Island Falls are in use and power is being transmitted on a 58-mile pole line to the mining town of Flin Flon, on the Saskatchewan-Manitoba border.

Inauguration of the hydro project in the northern hinterland marks an important milestone in Saskatchewan mining development.

When the Whitney interests took up their option on the important Flin Flon claims on December 1, 1927, development was started that has already involved expenditure of close to \$25,000,000. Included in this was the building of a border mining town which now has a population of nearly 3,000, and the building of a 90-mile railroad across the muskeg from The Pass to the Flin Flon site.

The Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company, Ltd., sponsored by Jack Hemmell, at the time interested, cut about for sufficient power to operate an electric smelter at Flin Flon, Manitoba power sites were passed up in favor of the Churchill site at Island Falls in Saskatchewan, a distance of 58 miles from the townsite of Flin Flon.

Water roads were cut through the forest from Flin Flon and in 40 and 50 below weather an almost constant train of caterpillar tractors went through the bush to deliver chunks of tons of cement and supplies to the Island Falls site.

Traditional methods of forest freighting were thrown into the discard and history was made that winter. The speed of the operations alone rivalled the mammoth proportions of the entire undertaking.

There are now electric lights at Flin Flon, one of the most up-to-date towns in the northwest, just as there have been electric lights in the modern settlement of Island Falls for some months past.

The Island Falls and Flin Flon power and mining projects have led the way for history-making development in northern Saskatchewan and Manitoba and other undertakings are closely following in the footsteps commenced by the Whitney people.

The Sheritt-Gordon mines at Lake Umbagog are one of the other big projects, while in Saskatchewan the Consolidated Smelters, Nipissing Mining and Smelting Company and Dominion Explorers have done a great deal of exploration and development work.

Other mine undertakings are expected along the Churchill, where ore bodies of rich values have been found close to power sites. While 58,000 horsepower has been harnessed at Island Falls there is in addition to that nearly 500,000 horsepower available in easy access of important discovery in Saskatchewan mining regions within a few miles of prospectors.

Inauguration of the Island Falls transmission line has come several weeks earlier than was expected when the Hudson Bay mine firm first set its annual meeting some months ago.

Shut Out Foreign Wheat Italy Increases Duty On Wheat and Flour Entering Country

An increase in the duty on wheat and flour entering Italy was put into effect by the Italian government on June 5, according to a cable received at Ottawa by the Department of Trade and Commerce. The step was taken in the furtherance of the Italian government's program for protecting the agricultural industry of Italy. Custom duties on wheat have been increased from 75 cents a bushel to 85 cents a bushel and the duties on wheat flour has been increased from \$3.50 to \$4.57 per 220 pounds. There are no conventional duties on these products.

The German crop is said to have to the age of 150 years.



For this I've been paying my duty to the Society for Protection of Animals and Plants for seventeen years."—Gutierrez, Madrid.

W. N. 1533

What Canadians Eat

In Many Respects They Are Best Fed People in World

Figures given in the monthly publication of the Royal Bank of Canada, as to food consumption in this country indicates that in many respects Canadians are the best fed people in the world.

Some of the statistics, especially those dealing with dairy products, show an increase in consumption that is little short of amazing.

Take butter for example.

The figures quoted prove that Canadians in 1929 consumed 29 pounds per capita, as against 23½ pounds in 1920.

It takes 450 million gallons of milk to satisfy the Canadian demand for this product, the consumption amounting to a pint a day for every man, woman and child in the country.

Since 1920 the requirements of the home market for whole milk, cream, buttermilk, cheese and ice cream have resulted in increased consumption of 143 million pounds per capita.

We eat twice as many eggs now as we did in 1920 and our consumption of poultry has increased from seven to ten pounds per capita.

Similarly we are disposing of a much larger quantity of pork, the consumption of which has increased from 500 million pounds to nearly 800 million pounds, which figures to an increase from 65 to 81½ pounds per capita.

On the other hand beef consumption shows only a small increase and there has been a falling-off in the quantity of mutton and lamb consumed.

Some People Immune From Tuberculosis

Low Death Rate Among Native Born Persons of Native Parents

Some very interesting findings appeared recently in a little booklet published by the National Tuberculosis Association.

Native-born persons of native parents show low death rates from the disease. The rates are high for German males, and the Irish rates, both male and female, are over twice the rates of the native born. The rate for Russians, including Jews, is even lower than for native born and Italian males also show very low rates. Italian females show a high rate, however. The rate for Negroes in any locality is usually from two and one-half to three times that of the white population. These figures, of course, apply to the United States Registration Area which comprises about ninety per cent. of the total population.

Fortunately, the death rate for this terrible disease is getting smaller as the years pass. It has been declining almost yearly since 1900. The 1924 rate was less than half that of 1904—which meant a saving of approximately 120,000 lives a year.

Prairie Apples

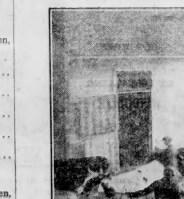
Growing Fruit Trees From Seed Is the Best Method

The hopes for better home-grown prairie apple sales rest with people who grow trees from seeds. The Experimental Station, at Morden, Manitoba, set out 25,000 seedlings in 1916. These had been grown for a year at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, the seed being harvested from 18 varieties of hardy mother pears. Nearly 8,000 of the seedlings have come into fruit and results have been made.

Presented Had To Be Returned

The Duchess of York, following a rigid rule of the Court, has returned an innumerable birthday presents received from the Princess Elizabeth from people unknown to her. Presents sent anonymously have been given to hospital.

Some Prize Winners at the Provincial Exhibition, Regina, 1929



How To Order Patterns Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McBurney Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Paying the Birds

It is said that Sir Richard Owen, who had a beautiful garden, was once asked by a friend why none of his cherries were not protected by nets. "These cherries," he answered, "are the salaries of my orchestra, the wages of my choir." So he repaid the birds for their music.

Sale Of Explosives Should Be Prohibited

Only Way Accidents To Children Can Be Prevented

For three hundred and sixty-four days in the year, children are lured not to play with matches and to keep away from explosives. On the three hundred and sixty-fourth day they are generously supplied with matches and explosives and are warned to be careful.

The day after a day of celebration is produced in Toronto of a list of accidents, due to the combination of children and fireworks, as follows:

"Ten-year-old girl, both legs crushed and fractured above knees by top of gasoline drum thrown against him by explosion."

"Six-year-old girl, badly burned about body and arms when smouldering punk stick set dress on fire."

"Four and a half-year-old girl, pupil of left eye cut open by exploding firecracker."

"Thirteen-year-old girl, left eye injured."

How many minor or near accidents were due to providing children with matches and explosives cannot be estimated. For this toll of tragedy the children are not at fault. It is upon the indulgent adults who supply the youngsters with the explosives that the blame must be visited.

In spite of the list of accidents, it seemed that there were fewer fire-crackers on the streets than in former years. It would be no loss to the enjoyment of the day if they were eliminated altogether. This could only be affected by absolutely prohibiting the private sale of such things. Public displays in the hands of experienced in pyrotechnics would meet all the necessities of a celebration.—Toronto Telegram.

Animal Curfew For France

Farmers Are Not Enthusiastic Over New Law

While lovers of quiet in France have pleasant anticipations of enforcement of the proposed curfew for animals, farmers are not so enthusiastic over the plan. The French authorities propose that after 10 o'clock at night no dog is to be allowed to bark, no cat to serenade and no cock to crow. Farmers and owners of pets are supposed to see that this is observed by their livestock, and they say that they will have a lively time in doing so. Those living in cities declare that the proposed law is only fair because in Paris motorists must not sound horns after midnight and in Saint Nazaire radio loud speakers must not be heard in the streets.

Timber Is Valuable

Nation Growing Its Own Can Save Large Sum

Not so many hundreds of years ago each nation had to depend largely on its own timber to satisfy the ordinary needs of its population. Today, modern transportation permits timber to be marketed at greater distances from its source, such as Forests and Muskoka. China obtains large amounts of timber from North America, and South Africa gets much of hers from northern Europe. In the long run it is best economy for a nation to grow timber on its own fertile sections where for real reason or another agriculture is either impossible or unprofitable.

What We Call Diplomacy

The admiral, who was conducting an examination for the navy, was addressing one of the candidates: "Who, in your opinion, are the three greatest sailors in British history," he said.

"I'm sorry, sir, I didn't catch your name when I entered the room," replied the student, "but the other two are Nelson and Drake."

The Almighty gave us brains, but left their use to our own opinion.

European Countries Showing Strong Disposition To Curtail The Importation Of Wheat

Advocate World-Wide Crop News Service

Would Aid Marketing By Circulating Expert Knowledge

Creation of a world-wide commercial intelligence service to be used in collecting expert crop and market information on all lines of agricultural products was discussed by E. M. M. Lloyd, assistant secretary of the Empire Marketing Board, and Dr. J. M. Grishie, deputy minister of agriculture and Canadian representative on the executive committee of the imperial agricultural bureau, a sub-committee of the board.

Mr. Lloyd, who is touring Canada in the board's interests, admitted that the creation of such a corps and the dissemination of such timely and expert knowledge has been a matter of consideration by the Empire Board for some time. It might be discussed, he said, at the forthcoming economic conference. Expert agriculturists, schooled in the collection of marketing and crop conditions, would be maintained in practically all countries of the world if the plan were set in operation. These reports would be collected in one central depot and from there distributed all over the empire.

Such a scheme, Mr. Lloyd believed, would be of great assistance to the Canadian wheat pool and other co-operative marketing organizations.

Mr. Lloyd, who is touring Canada to acquaint himself with Dominion products and conditions, hoped that many industries would be aided in finding markets within the empire through the board.

"There is an ever-increasing public opinion in Great Britain to use empire products," he said. Through the efforts of the marketing board, empire products that were previously unknown or at least were limited in their use in Great Britain, have been brought to the attention of the people, with attendant increases in sales.

Remember Your Home Town

Pay Old Friends A Visit As Often As Possible

Many railroads today are advertising excursion rates over the week-end. So that city dwellers may go back to the old home town for a brief vacation. Immersion in business, coupled with a crowded calendar of engagements, should not deter a man from closing his desk Saturday noon that he may board a train or an automobile bound for the familiar scenes and the loyal friends back home. Character and success are often developed by the friendly atmosphere of the village. To forget the home town is to rob life of one of its major satisfactions.

Water-Power and Population

As is well known, the use of power increases much more rapidly than the population and this appears to hold good in ever-increasing ratio. The latest figures in regard to water-power development and population in Canada are particularly striking. Taking the last ten years, 1918 to 1928, the population has increased 16 per cent. but the turbine horsepower installed has increased 125 per cent.

A Non-Skid Tie

The non-skid necktie has made its appearance in France. Sheets and threads of rubber are put together to form either the four-in-hand or bow tie, and these are vivitely colored to suit the wearer's taste. It is said that the tie will last longer because they will not fray or wear out, but it is not said whether or not they will stretch out of shape.

The Farmer's Sun says: Whether as a reaction to the efforts of the wheat pools and the United States farm board to "stabilize" prices, or whether it is purely to encourage domestic agriculture, a strong disposition on the part of importing countries to lessen their dependence on outside sources for their future supplies of wheat is now quite evident. The new tariff on wheat recently put into effect in Germany amounts to approximately seventy-eight cents a bushel. There is also a substantial increase in the duty on wheat flour, while that on oats is increased fifty per cent. and on barley one hundred per cent. The increase in Germany, a large importer, proposes to buy less abroad in future. Russia, authentic reports indicate, is purporting to curtail agricultural socialization, which involves the exploitation of twenty million hectares of collectively owned farms and the use of some 100,000 and twenty thousand tractors, at such a terrific rate of speed, that within a million and a half years the breaking up of half a million privately owned farms, already between one million and a million and a quarter of them have been dissolved, and it has been found expedient to call a halt. So strong has been the movement toward collectivization, it is reported, that it has assumed the aspects of an avalanche, the peasants falling over themselves in their desire to participate. At the present rate of progress it is estimated that the end of the five-year period will see fifty per cent. of Russian agriculture operated on a collective basis, instead of twenty per cent., as had been the original plan. Italy has embarked upon a well defined long time program designed to increase the domestic food production, while Brazil, having failed in her attempt to "stabilize" the coffee market by government restriction, is attempting to interest foreign capital in the growing wheat. These are ominous signs which Canadian agriculture cannot afford to ignore.

Tests Not Complimentary

Showered Large Proportion Of Colleague's Colleague Are Poor Spellers

Tests of spelling made recently at two of our schools showed that the results were not complimentary to the students, nor were they satisfactory to the public. At one institution, out of 123 who were examined, only 58 were pronounced good spellers, less than half that number were fair, while 38 were either poor or bad. At the other, out of 157 who were examined, 62 were found to be good spellers, but an exactly equal number were either poor or bad, and only about one-fifth of the total were fair. Spelling is one of the rudiments of education and the poor showing in the above tests explains the disappointment and even irritation often felt by employers of young people. The authorities should inquire why and take a proportion of students are deficient in a study so important as spelling.

May Not Be Superstition

Writing in the British Medical Journal, Dr. Rose Jordan recalls the good old superstition that tattooed men are protected against infectious tropical diseases and raises the question of whether this is merely superstition or does the impregnation of the skin by these dyes really afford any protection.

"Oh, why was I ever brought up to be a writer?" sighed the cub to his fellow reporters.

"You weren't?" came the unexpected reply of the city editor.

Tortoise Island, composed almost entirely of iron ore, is used by United States as target for airplane bombs.

He: "I've lost nearly all my hair, thanks to your hair dye."

She: "But, you've been the wrong bottle. That's a remedy for removing hair from the chin."—Holly Hald

Tiuna, Goteburg.

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Keep yourself well-regulated

A dash of ENO in a glass of water every morning or night avoids the evils of constipation.

Entirely safe and natural in its gentle but effective action, ENO'S "Fruit Salt" can be taken regularly without forming a harmful habit.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

SILVER RIBBONS

BY CHRISTINE WHITTING PARMENTER

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CHAPTER XVII.—Continued.

"You on a vacation?" questioned Grandma with a smile.

"Not so's you'd notice it," replied Jim, taking what Grandma called "the visitor's chair," and throwing his hat onto the table. "I've been to Eastern on business, as George K. Doesn't expect me back till after lunch, I thought I'd pass the time of day with you. How's everything?"

"You mean Charmin?" queried Grandma hastily.

"You'd have made a first rate detective, Grandma," was Jim's retort; and the old lady laughed.

"Well," she responded, "the last I saw of everything" was when she left her school. The doctor offered to take her in his car, but she said she wanted to walk so no suspicion should have anything on her mind."

"What?" asked Jim, and added with caution, "Something to do with school?"

"My idea was," answered the old lady, "that it was something to do with you, Jim."

"Me?"

"Yes," said Grandma. "Maybe I'm all wrong, sonny, but I thought she was feeling sort of hurt that you never told her, when you were riding yesterday that you and your mother were going to California."

"I meant to," explained Jim, "but my mind got taken up with other things. Then, too, I didn't know that Uncle George was going to visit so soon. Not that I care, because Momma's going to tell Lizzie Baker this morning and ask her to do some sewing for her before we start. Besides, I knew it didn't make much difference to Charmin whether I was in Iowa or Timbuctoo."

"I donno why you should say that, Jimmy. You haven't got a better friend in town than my girl is—unless it's me."

Jim's young eyes looked suddenly weary, and his mouth grim.

"It's something more than friendship that I want from Charmin, Grandma. No, no pretending, is it—to you anyway? And it's plain to see that she's giving the thing I want to some one else. Why should she care whether I go West or not?"

Grandma looked out of the window for a moment, but seeing nothing to comment upon, turned back to Jim.

"I presume you mean she's falling in love with Doctor Carter?" Jim nodded.

"I donno as I like you saying that, Jim," said the old lady. "Suppose now, he didn't fall in love with her."

"Groat right; how could he help it living right here in the same house with her this way?"

"He knows a sight of 'gals back in the city," said Grandma, wisely. "Here's pictures of two of 'em on his bureau, and another in his watch. I saw it the day my clock stopped and I asked him to set it for me. Maybe he 'isn't in love with Charmin at all."

"He is," asserted Jim. "You ever

watch 'em walk down the street together? He goes sort of sideways. Grandma reached out to lay a tender hand on Jim's strong, tanned arm.

"I think you've got a chance, sonny," she said.

"I'd like to agree with you," he replied, "but I don't. I've got something I haven't got, and I'm not so dumb that I don't see it. Perhaps if I'd gone to college—rubbed on some of the Wickfield—er—provincials" (even in this bitter moment the eyes that met Grandma's showed a glint of humor), "I could have acquired it, even if I was born in this little one-horse burg. But it's too late now. I see what I've got off, but—there's something I'd like Charmin to understand, and somehow, I can't make myself tell her. Every time I begin the words stick in my throat."

"That's why I stopped in this morning when I knew she wouldn't be here. I thought if I told you, Grandma, maybe you'd explain to her after I get away. It's—about—Mother."

"Yes?" urged the old lady as he paused.

"It's this way," Jim continued. "A good many times Charmin, and other people, too, have sort of implied that I don't dare breathe without first asking my mother if it's agreeable to her. You get me?"

Grandma nodded.

"And they're right, to a certain extent," he confessed honestly. "But it's not easy, Grandma, always thinking of some one else before yourself, even if she's your own mother. There've been times."

He hesitated again, and Grandma said: "I know sonny. I understand. You've been a splendid son, Jim, but I don't know what to do."

"I know what you're going to say," he interrupted. "And it's no use, even if I have got my own life to live. You see, Grandma, I was only a kid when my father died, but he asked me then—when he was going—Mother looked after Mother and he got to her. Somehow—I've never been able to forget it."

"Well," breathed Grandma. It was an exclamation of surprise, she said back a little in her chair, regarding the young man's sober face with new-born understanding. Then she said: "And you promised, Jim?"

Jim nodded, and went on: "I've thought, since I got old enough to think it out, that perhaps he didn't mean to take it so—so literally. Or he may not have realized how Mother would get to—well, depend upon me. He wouldn't have wanted me to make a promise that would spoil my life; and there've been times."

Grandma looked at it as he said, "But don't you ever tell that—even to Charmin?" he asked loudly. "He was a good man—my father."

"One of the best," responded Grandma. "One of the finest. I'm sure that he never meant you to take that promise the way you have. He was dying, Jim. He knew better than any one else knew, how your mother was going to miss him; and all he wanted was that she should help her over the hard sliding, not that you should bury yourself in the drifts for her sake. I'm an old woman, Jimmy. My time's not far away, and I know how folks feel about such things. You see, you've been obeying the letter of that promise, not its spirit, which is your father meant you to obey."

"You believe that—honestly, Grandma?"

"Implicitly, son," said Grandma. Davis.

Jim arose and patted her shoulder chumly.

"You've helped me a lot," he said. "It would be a pity if I couldn't, with seventy-eight years behind me!" she answered, smiling up at him.

"And don't worry about Charmin's misunderstanding you. I'll make her see."

"But not till we've gone, please," said Jim, reaching for his hat.

"That's for you to say, Jim. When are you going?"

"Within a fortnight. The doctor wants Mother to get away before cold weather. I'll be some change from Wickfield, Grandma."

"I'll do you good. Maybe you'll meet some of those movie vampires and fall before 'em."

Jim laughed, it was what Grandma wanted and was working for; but she added wistfully as he reached the door: "It's going to miss you, Jimmy."

"And believe me, I'm going to miss you," he responded warmly as he turned away.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Bennetts had been gone a month. Their big house facing the common, which had been Sarah Bennett's pride for thirty years, was closed for the first time in its existence, the shining plate glass windows boarded over because, Jim told his mother, boys are the same from one generation to another, and a window-pane in an empty house is a source of irresistible temptation.

Coming from the library one Saturday afternoon, Charmin paused to look up at its grim old clock, thinking that the hour reached half-past four, not more than in the days when the front shades were relentlessly pulled down to keep them from sunning themselves in the gloom within, and, possibly, fading the precious parlor carpet that had come from Boston when Sarah was a bride.

Only the iron dogs that guarded the big front door looked different. They seemed thought the girl whimsically, forlorn, and patiently unyielding, with drifts of snow on their backs and between their ears.

She remembered, had always kept them brushed clean of snow. They had been his playmates, and Charmin's. Toward and Mousie, they called them. How many miles, she wondered, had she and Jimmy ridden through the woods?

She was moving on but at a sudden impulse turned back and going up the path to the patient canvas, brushed off the light snow with a mittened hand. Then, glancing stealthily around and seeing no one, she reached hastily for the door.

There she found a cat. Jim had once told her in a burst of half-shamed confidence that he patted them every morning when he went to work. Together they had laughed at the idea; but Charmin did not laugh now. Indeed, it seemed to her as she regained the sidewalk and glanced back at them, that the dogs looked more cheerful. She could, indeed, almost hear the thump of two feet, metallic talons.

"Going my way?" Charmin turned, startled. The old doctor's shabby car had drawn up beside the door, and was leaning forward, an invitation in his kindly eyes.

"I was going home," she answered, "loaded with Sunday reading matter, you see; but if you don't be gone too long I'd adore a ride."

The old man beamed with pleasure. "And I'd adore your company, my dear. Reach in behind me, take a cape, and wrap it round you. There are colds enough of this time of year without adding to the number, and that coat of yours is none too warm a day like this."

"You're right," said the girl, dragging the worn old cape from the back seat, and snuggling into it. "I'm planning to go to Portland after Christmas and indulge in a new one, provided I can find a bargain. It's pretty cold on this morning's morning walk of mine, though John has been a trump about taking me his car on the worst days."

"To Be Continued."

She (somewhat giddy on musical matters)—"Is Bach composing much?"

"He—No, madam, he's decomposing."

"To Be Continued."

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is a quick, certain remedy for Head, Neck, and all aches and pains. It is usually enough.

How She Saw It

An Irish girl was imported from the Emerald Isle to act as general servant for a middle-class household. Her mistress suggested to her the propriety of sending a post card to her relatives with news of her safe arrival and assurance of her welfare.

The girl did so, and added the following brief impression of her environment: "I came here in a cab with out a horse; they play the piano with their feet, and they about at people in the hall that aren't there!"

Everything Special

A special carpet in two shades of pink was woven for the June wedding of Miss Gage, heiress of the Woolworth millions. A gardener grew roses of the same shade as her dress, and a designer specially studied Miss Gage's, in order to "absorb her personality," before designing her wedding dress.

EAGLE BRAND SWEETENED CONDENSED MILK.

Prices from 16 to 14.00

Choose Enameled Ware! Be sure the Utensils you select have the shield-shaped S.P. label of quality.

May Replace House Names With Numbers

London Suburbs Do Not Take Kindly To Idea

A silver of apprehension is going down the spinal columns of residents in many classy little suburban areas. The registrar-general, in making preparations for the general census, to be held next year, is appealing to local authorities to have all houses "adequately numbered."

Therefore it is that a great disquiet has settled upon the owner-occupier of the "hijou residence," the "charming villa," and the "eligible bungalow."

Are all those dinky boards with legends as "The Oaks," "The Elms," "The Lilies," "The Vines," "The Pines," "Fair View" and so forth to be scrapped and their place to be taken by vulgar numbers?

The registrar-general suggests postmen are apt to lose their way, or at the least their competence at delivery among all those Arcadian descriptive efforts.

It is to be feared the registrar will be heard next year, in England, that the local authorities are of his way of thinking. Too. The latter possess powers to compel "The Elms" to wear unimpressive "36" and "The Nook" to suffer the indignity of being labelled plain 17.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CHICKEN TIMBALES

2 tablespoons butter. 1/4 cup salt bread crumbs. 1/4 cup milk. 1/2 cup chopped cooked chicken. 1/2 tablespoon chopped parsley. 2 eggs.

Salt and pepper. Melt butter and add bread crumbs, milk, and cook in double boiler five minutes, stirring constantly. Add chicken, parsley, and eggs lightly.

Turn into buttered individual molds, having molds two-thirds full, set in pan of hot water, cover with butter paper, and bake twenty minutes. Serve with cream sauce.

ORANGE SYRUP SAUCE

1 cup orange juice. 1 teaspoon grated orange rind. 1 cup sugar. 1/2 cup lemon juice. Grated rind 1/2 lemon.

Put ingredients into saucepan, and boil fifteen minutes. Strain, strain and pour into sterilized glasses. Use as a sauce on vanilla ice cream or on baked rice pudding. This sauce when sealed in sterilized glasses, will keep well, and will be found convenient to have on hand for emergency in the summer.

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Mina's for Insect Bites.

Graves Of Heroes Moved

Work Has Been Completed By British War Graves Commission

Removal of the graves of 450 British and Dominion soldiers from the cemetery at Ploegsteert, Belgium, to a spot about half a mile away, has been completed and the long dispute over the matter has been settled, according to an announcement of the British War Graves Commission.

During the World War, the cemetery was constructed beside the ruins of Chateau Rosenberg, which had been destroyed only a short time before.

After the war, the owner of the chateau, a Frenchman living in Belgium, announced that he desired to rebuild the chateau and that the graves would be too close to the reconstructed building.

After several years of negotiations, the offer of the owner to donate land for the new cemetery was accepted and the bodies were removed.

BACKWARD BABIES

Thrive After Use Of Baby's Own Tablets

Derangements of the digestive organs are responsible for most of the troubles which afflict young children and keep them backward.

Baby's Own Tablets regulate the stomach and bowels, and bring them to normal action, and this is all that is necessary to set the little sufferer safely on the road to health and happiness.

Baby's Own Tablets are specially designed to be a correct indication of the stomach, cold, break up colds and cures the bowels, and to allow children to thrive. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail for 25 cents a box. Write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

An Extraordinary Experience

Wife Of English Peer Talked To Him From Mid-Atlantic

An extraordinary experience befell Lord Brecknock at the Alwyth Tower, London, England.

He was sitting cozily in the stalls with a small party, when a theatre attendant approached him and said "Miss-Alwyth wants to see you."

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Alertness keeps everywhere.

Wrigley's creates pep and energy and keeps you alert.

A 50-pack package may save you from going to sleep at the wheel of your car.

Makes pep

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Corns INSTANT RELIEF PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

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Beaver Service will help you get the home you have earned—and supplies plans, estimates and expert building advice without obligation.

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IN YOUR TOWN AND HUNDREDS OTHERS

Say You Saw It in the News

ALBERTA INSTITUTE OF CO-OPERATION
July 2nd to 4th
(INCLUSIVE)

OLDS SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE
All Phases of Co-operation Discussed by the Leading Authorities in Canada and the United States, among them being:

OUTSIDE SPEAKERS
Dr. R. W. March, Prof. of Rural Economics, University of Manitoba; Dr. T. H. Butler, Editor "Progressive Farmer," of Memphis, Tennessee; Miss Verne Fleming, Director of Farm Organization, Ohio Farm Bureau Federation, of Columbus, Ohio.
INSIDE/PROVINCIAL SPEAKERS
WHEAT—Gen. McIvor, General Sales Manager Canadian Wheat Pool; WHEAT—E. R. Hanney, Manager Canadian Wheat Pool.
PROVINCIAL SPEAKERS
WHEAT—George Bennett, Ben Phinney, J. L. Strang, L. V. Gentry, & B. G. Gentry; DAIRYING—J. L. Strang; POULTRY—D. N. Malin; WOOL—C. Jensen McGrath.

In addition to the above, Premier Brownlee, Dr. H. W. Wood, Dr. R. C. Walker, Mrs. L. Parley, Mrs. R. B. Gunn, are to be invited to take part.

The Alberta Institute of Co-operation is the Only Big Thing of Its Kind in Canada.

Accommodation for Camping Privileges at the Campsite on the School for those who wish to use their own Camping Outfit.

Professional Cards

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Physician and Surgeon
Office - First Avenue East
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J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
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Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College
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Miss Pearl Harvey
NURSE
Open for Engagements
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OYEN - ALBERTA

OYEN CARTAGE AND TRANSFER
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George J. Benbow
PIANIST and TEACHER
Pupils prepared for R.A.M. and H.C.M. Examinations.
Residence: Main Street, Oyen

C. P. R. Traffic Appointments



Three important appointments in the freight traffic department of the Canadian Pacific Railway have been announced by George Stephen, newly appointed vice-president in charge of traffic. They are C. E. Jefferson, assistant freight traffic manager, western lines, Winnipeg, (centre of group), who came to Montreal as assistant freight manager, eastern lines; Mr. Jefferson entered Canadian Pacific service in 1913 as percentage clerk in the freight tariff bureau in Montreal, and in 1915 was promoted assistant general freight agent, Montreal. He became acting general freight agent in 1921 and general freight agent, western lines, in 1925, and in 1927 he was appointed

assistant freight traffic manager, western lines. His present promotion brings him back east.
Mr. Gillis worked his way up in Canadian Pacific service from call boy and messenger in 1905 through the ranks of the freight department in Montreal. From chief clerk in 1915 he was promoted to assistant foreign freight agent in 1919, assistant general freight agent in 1922 and assistant freight traffic manager in 1928. He now goes west in the same capacity.
Mr. Hiam joined the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1904 and after holding several positions in the freight traffic department, vice-president's office and freight tariff bureau, Montreal, was appointed travelling freight agent, Toronto, and district freight agent, Port William, in 1914. He went overseas to the war in 1915 and in 1919 was appointed district freight agent at Cleveland, O. He went to Saint John as division freight agent in 1926 and was appointed assistant general freight agent at Montreal in 1928.

About Town and Country

Wednesday half holiday observed during June and July.

Don't forget the recital tomorrow evening in Oyen Theatre by the pupils of Mr. George Benbow. Programme commences at 8.15 sharp. All patrons are asked to be present on time. Those who arrive late are requested to remain at the door until a number is over before taking their seats.

All roads lead to Oyen July 1. Don't miss this big day.

Grading work done this week on First street east and First avenue east has greatly improved the roads in these locations.

Mr. G. S. Peck left this morning for Calgary to spend a few days in the city on business.

Crops throughout the district not previously damaged through soil drifting, are looking well now after the recent rain. Further rains and warm weather will greatly enhance the chance of a more than average good crop.

The work of tearing down the old school building on Second avenue is just about completed. The building has been a latent mark on Second avenue since 1916, when it was partly erected and then abandoned.

Painting operations at Mrs. Mehl's farm are being commenced today.

Mr. Stanley King who left last week to spend a two week's vacation at his home in Edmonton, will not return to Oyen. After his holidays he will join the staff of the Bank of Toronto at Glenwood, Sask.

The ball game between the Colored Giants and an all star team representing Oyen, scheduled for Sunday afternoon, did not materialise as the giants failed to put in an appearance. After being stuck in the mud some place in Saskatchewan, they finally got on the road again last Monday, when they travelled through to Hanna. The "married" and "single" men took the field to entertain the crowd and the former were victors in a closely contested game.

Departmental examinations are in full swing at Oyen School this week. School closes for the summer holidays on Friday, June 27.

Mr. J. C. Dasso is a business visitor in Calgary this week.

In a rather exciting ball game at Lundberg school on Sunday afternoon, the "Kenna Kids" defeated Lundberg by a margin of three runs. The game was fairly even throughout, and errors were frequent on both sides.

Batteries: Lundberg—Lambert, and Cochrane—Kennaui—Lees, Owens, Kornichenko.

Friends of Mrs. Albert Arneson will be sorry to learn that she is on the sick list this week.

District Gets Another Nice Rain

Commencing last Thursday evening a rainfall which lasted slightly over 30 hours, measured .82 inch in the rain gauge kept in Oyen.

June Rainfall

June 7	.....	.05
June 10	.....	.41
June 13-14	.....	1.03
June 19-20	.....	.82
Total to date	.....	1.94

Summer Fairs

Calgary	.....	July 7-12
Edmonton	.....	July 14-19
Oyen	.....	July 24-25
Chinook	.....	July 29
Youngtown	.....	July 30-31
Delta	.....	Aug 1
Munsop	.....	Aug 6

TONSIL CLINIC

On Thursday, July 10, I will hold a clinic for the removal of tonsils in Oyen hospital building, at government clinic rates. Patients should appear for examination several days before.

Dr. S. R. MCGREGOR,
Oyen, Alta.

CHURCH NOTICES

OYEN UNITED CHURCH
Sunday, June 29, at 7.30 p.m.
Dominion Day Topic
"Imperial Preference"
Everybody welcome.
Rev. H. C. Woods.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH
(Anglican)
June 29, 1930
Evening and Sermon 7.30 p.m.
Rev. Leonard C. Scott.

LEGAL NOTICE

VILLAGE OF OYEN

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1926, the Village of Oyen will offer for sale, by public auction, at the Village Council Chamber, Oyen, Alberta, at 2 o'clock p.m., Friday, June 27, 1930, the following lands:

Lot	Block	Plan
1	9	6386 A.W.
14	10	1212 B.R.
4	13	3731 C.D.
11	13	3731 C.D.
12	13	3731 C.D.
8	16	7830 C.C.
6	16	7830 C.C.
7	16	7830 C.C.

The above lands will be offered for sale subject to a reserve bid, and the reservations contained in the existing certificates of title.

Redemption may be effected by payment of the full amount of arrears and costs at any time prior to the date of sale. Terms Cash.

Dated at Oyen, Alberta this 25th day of May, 1930.

F. C. Bliss,
Secretary-Treasurer.

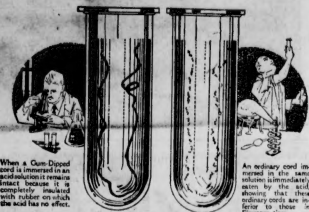
Dates of Meetings to be Addressed
By Robert Gardiner

Lanfane,	June 30 at 3.30 p.m.
Chinook,	June 30 at 8.30 p.m.
Aeadia Valley,	July 7 at 2 p.m.
Sibbald,	July 7 at 8.30 p.m.
Oyen,	July 8 at 8.30 p.m.
Youngtown,	July 10 8.30 p.m.

Say you saw it in the News!

Flash!

Kingsford Smith and his companions headed for New York in their plane the "Southern Cross" from Port Marnock, Ireland, landed in the state of Massachusetts this morning.

Gum Dipped Cords
Stand the Acid Test

Even though Firestone cords are of superior strength and elasticity before they are built into Firestone Tires, they go through the Gum-Dipping process for added strength and endurance.

Gum-Dipping—exclusive to Firestone—Tires—saturates and insulates every fibre of every cord in the tire. This prevents the cords from chafing against each other and eliminates internal friction and heat—the greatest enemy to tire life.

Thus Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires have double reasons for their toughness, ruggedness and unequalled mileage—by actual test they hold all world's records for mileage and endurance! Specify Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires on your car. See your nearest Firestone Dealer today.

FIRESTONE TIRE AND RUBBER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED
HAMILTON - ONTARIO

Firestone
GUM-DIPPED TIRES

FOR SALE BY

CHAS. P. SNYDER

OYEN The Implement and Ford Man ALTA.

Letter of Thanks

To the Electors
of the Electoral Division of Aeadia

I desire to express my gratitude to you and particularly to those of the Oyen Polling District who marked "I" after my name, for the substantial support you accorded me at the late provincial election. The very generous response you made to my belated appeal is sufficient attestation for the sting of defeat. The large majority polled for me in my home town of Oyen, and at most points where I had an opportunity to meet and speak to the people has convinced me that I had time to have made a com-

plete canvas of the constituency the result would have been vastly different. But in the short time at my disposal I found it impossible to make the circuit.

I thank all those who voted for me and those who so earnestly and ably espoused my candidature and hope that I may ever merit your confidence and elicit your praise. Should I make any future public venture I trust I may still be deemed worthy of your endorsement, your influence and support.

Respectfully,

J. W. Robinson.

Subscribers

Are asked to look at their address label. If their subscription is in arrears the label will show the date.

The Oyen News